

# BROWN'S IRON BITTERS

WILL CURE

HEADACHE  
INDIGESTION  
BILIOUSNESS  
DYSPEPSIA  
NERVOUS PROSTRATION  
MALARIA  
CHILLS AND FEVERS  
TIRED FEELING  
GENERAL DEBILITY  
PAIN IN THE BACK & SIDES  
IMPURE BLOOD  
CONSTIPATION  
FEMALE INFIRMITIES  
RHEUMATISM  
NEURALGIA  
KIDNEY AND LIVER  
TROUBLES

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS  
The Genuine has Trade Mark and crossed Red  
Lines on wrapper.

TAKE NO OTHER.

D. W. N. MOORE,

DENTIST.

Office Second Street, over Run-  
yon & Hooten's dry goods store.  
Nitrous-oxide gas administered in all cases.

T. H. S. SMITH,

DENTIST.

Nitrous-oxide, or laughing gas  
used for the painless extraction of  
teeth. Office on Court Street

C. W. WARDLE,

Dentist.

Nitrous-oxide Gas administered. Office  
opposite Bell's work-upstairs.

G. M. WILLIAMS,

DENTIST.

Fine work in all the departments of den-  
tistry. Nitrous Oxide Gas administered.  
Office and residence, White Block, corner  
Third and Limestone streets.

W. A. RORTON,

Representing—

LOUISVILLE COTTON AND GRAIN EXCHANGE

Chicago Markets received every ten min-  
utes. Orders taken for 1,000 bushels and up-  
wards. Office: Cooper's building Second St.

L. A. N. WICKER,

Contractors.

Plans and specifications furnished on reason-  
able terms and all work satisfactorily and  
promptly done. Office on Third Street, be-  
tween Wall and Limestone.

CHAS. GREENWOOD,

—Plain and Ornamental—

Painter and Paper-Hanger.

Imitating the natural woods a specialty.  
Orders left at Paint Store will receive prompt  
attention.

COOK & HAFLEY,

House, Sign and Ornamental

PAINTERS.

Wall Papering and Ceiling Decorating a  
specialty. Fourth Street, between Limestone  
and Market, opposite public school.

WALL & WORTHINGTON,

GARRETT & WALL,  
L. E. WORTHINGTON

Attorneys and Counselors at Law.  
Will practice in all courts in Mason and ad-  
joining counties and in the Superior Court  
and Court of Appeals. All collections given  
prompt attention.

FRANK R. MAUCK,

House, Sign and

ORNAMENTAL PAINTER.

Shop a few doors above Yancey & Alexander's  
livery stable, second street.

J. S. DANKERT,

—Designer and dealer in—

MONUMENTS, TABLETS,

Headstones, &c. The largest stock of the  
latest designs. The best material and work  
ever offered in this section of the state, at  
reduced prices. Those waiting work in Grav-  
es or Marble are invited to call and see for  
themselves. Second street, Marysville.

JACOB LINN,

BAKER AND CONFECTIONER.

Fine French and Soda Water a specialty.  
Fresh Cream and Cakes made daily and de-  
livered to any part of the city. Parties and  
weddings furnished on short notice. No. 33  
Second Street.

HENRY HERARD,

—No. 7 Market Street—

RELIABLE MERCHANT TAILOR.

Call and examine my samples of Foreign  
and Domestic Goods from the large wholesale  
houses of New York and Boston in order to  
secure reasonable terms than any other house  
in the city, and all guaranteed. Also, agent  
for dyeing and scouring houses in Cin-  
cinnati.

## WORK OF A HURRICANE.

BUFFALO, NEW YORK, IS VISITED BY  
A DISASTROUS STORM.

Five Lives Lost and a Great Amount of  
Damage Done to Property—A Score of  
Buildings Washed Away By the Food.

BUFFALO, Oct. 15.—The most disastrous  
storm that Buffalo has known for many  
years struck this city last evening. The  
wind blew sixty-three miles an hour, raising  
the lake from six to twelve feet, flooding all  
the lower edge of the city, covering the  
island, the Tift farm, the lake road and the  
entire Thirteenth ward. Many houses were  
moved from their foundations and at least a  
score of dwellings were demolished. Five  
lives are reported lost. The New York Cen-  
tral's Belt Line trestles were cut off, stopping  
all trains on that branch. The whole western  
and southern edge of the city was flooded.  
The scene of destruction, the destination of  
the island and along the water front are be-  
yond example. It is estimated that over 300  
women and children are absolutely without  
food or shelter in the world.

The island beach presents a scene of desola-  
tion and distress. The little frame houses of  
the squatters along the sea wall were  
washed over the west end, and the Buffalo  
New York & Philadelphia tracks, most of  
them, in the condition of kindling wood,  
and scattered all over the island, and the  
while amidst the ruins of these houses, the  
poor people are crying and wringing their  
hands over the loss of nearly everything they  
possessed in the world.

The tracks of the West Shore were torn  
up and washed back in some places a dis-  
tance of ten feet. The sea wall, which  
which occurred about four months ago, was  
extended about fifty feet further west and  
through this the waves beat with terrific  
force.

When the waters began their work of  
destruction on the little frame houses, driv-  
ing the inmates into the water, four brave  
young men went two shifts and went to the  
rescue, performing many deeds of valor.  
About twenty families owe their lives to the  
heroism of the quartette.

On the shore road beyond the Tift farm the  
storm wrought great destruction.  
This morning the dead body of an old man,  
John Edwards, was found floating back and  
forth in the water, 200 feet back from the  
beach. After a night of terror and damage he  
had been swept out of his frail house and  
overwhelmed in the storm.

The beach road from the Lehigh tracks out-  
ward, in the direction of Bay View, was  
covered with a floating mass of wreckage and  
sawed back over the meadows, wrecking every  
house within sight. Jack Deitch, a  
housekeeper on the road to Bay View, lost  
two children, Annie, aged six, and Jack,  
aged one, from exposure.

The horrors of the night were begun when  
the wind and waves began to demolish the  
building from the fastening and carried it  
three-quarters of a mile. The parents were  
saved after a frightful experience.

Mr. and Mrs. Quinn, a newly married  
couple, were driven from their house and took  
refuge in a tree near the beach, remaining  
there all night. The storm was at its all-  
time maddest a quarter of a mile away.

A saloon was carried 400 feet inland.  
The Queen City Bowling club's clubhouse,  
which was built on a slight rise, was swept away  
at midnight. Loss about \$7,000.

The yacht Emma B. was wrecked and sunk  
off Fort Erie.

In the city proper, trees were blown down,  
smashed and much other havoc caused by the  
storm. The north wing of the new insti-  
tute was blown away, is completely  
wrecked, roof and all being gone. It is  
estimated that the loss in this instance will reach  
\$20,000, and the accident will retard the com-  
pletion of the building for next summer.

The tower of the new Emmanuel Baptist  
church, corner of Thirteenth and Rustle  
streets, eighty feet high, was, by the force  
of wind, fell into the street, about a  
block east evening. The loss is estimated at  
\$25,000.

A subscription has been started for the re-  
lief of the destitute people on the island and  
along the shore.

Reported to Chicago.  
CHICAGO, Oct. 15.—Last night all the tele-  
graph wires of so badly damaged that  
only partial reports of the effect of the storm  
were obtainable. This morning the wires  
are working better. Perry boats had to  
be towed by the city. The wind blew fifty-two miles an hour, de-  
stroying trees, roofs and electric lights, leav-  
ing the city in comparative darkness. At  
Marionville, Ind., a Mrs. Williams was  
killed by her house being blown down.

At Clinton, Mo., a Baptist church, Wood-  
ley's pottery and several small houses were  
destroyed, but no lives were lost.

The town of Lelaim, consisting of about  
fifty frame houses was entirely demolished,  
but no one was killed or seriously injured.

Several frame buildings in the suburbs of  
Chicago were blown down.

The signal officer at Chicago reports that  
there never has been a storm which has  
indicated its of formation were more  
severe, the storm being characterized by  
the most violent barometric depression re-  
corded for sea level. At 2 o'clock the wind  
dropped to a maximum of seventy-one miles an  
hour.

The Storm at Detroit.  
DETROIT, Mich., Oct. 15.—The gale yester-  
day afternoon and evening was the fiercest  
ever for thirty years. Perry boats had to  
be up on account of the roughness of the  
sea. Many buildings were more or less  
destroyed in a variety of ways. Shipping on the  
lake has suffered greatly.

An Absconder Arrested.  
CLEVELAND, O., Oct. 15.—Jack Pinkerton,  
Pike'sburg's Chicago detective, who was ar-  
rested in this city yesterday morning, and  
compelled by a deputy sheriff proceeded  
once toward West Cleveland. Late last  
night the officers of the Chicago police de-  
partment charged Jack F. Bralley, formerly as-  
sistant of the Pullman Palace Car  
company, who last July absconded from Cin-  
cinnati with \$25,000 of the company's money.  
The arrest was made through the instrumen-  
tality and by the aid of a Cleveland Jeweler

with whom the prisoner had had some deal-  
ings. Bralley was captured at Silverthorne's  
club, at Rocky River, a pleasure resort, a  
few miles west of the city, where he and his  
wife were stopping. Stronuous efforts were  
made to keep the matter a secret, and all  
that could be learned from Pinkerton was  
that "It was all right." The officers left with  
their prisoner for Chicago at 2 o'clock this  
morning.

## ARMOUR TO BE BOYCOTTED.

Every Union Man Employed in the Estab-  
lishment Refused to Work.

CHICAGO, Oct. 15.—The first note of war  
in the stockyards strike was sounded last  
night at a meeting of the Armour's beef  
butchers. The executive board of Dis-  
trict Assembly 57, held a meeting and  
decided to call out every union man in  
the city last night to the Chicago, Milwaukee  
& St. Paul yards. The strike went  
into effect this morning. The move was  
unanimously concurred in by a large at-  
tended meeting of the beef butchers.

PHIL ARMOUR.  
This means that the beef butchers, sheep  
killers, hog and swine raisers, and the  
not work, and that if Armour wishes to run  
any department, he must deal with them  
on their terms. This adds 1,300 men to the strike  
ranks, out of which about 1,000 are beef  
butchers. Mr. T. B. Barry will leave soon  
to-day for Richmond, to report on the  
condition of affairs to the knights. He will  
be a general lawyer on Armour & Co.'s staff  
will be ordered.

## The Switchmen at Minneapolis.

MINNEAPOLIS, Oct. 15.—There have been  
no startling developments in the case of the  
railway switchmen since the strike. The situa-  
tion, however, is more serious than yester-  
day. The city police were called out at a  
late hour last night to the Chicago, Mil-  
waukee & St. Paul yards. There was no violent  
disturbance, but four switch engines had  
been "killed" and taken to the round-houses  
by strikers. Freight cars are being run in  
the St. Paul & Minneapolis. Manifesto is im-  
porting new men, with a view of raising the  
blockade. The strikers have been ordered to  
leave the yards. Strong efforts are being made to  
induce St. Paul switchmen to join the strike  
and a party may possibly do so.

The Chicago, Milwaukee & St. Paul switch-  
men struck yesterday afternoon, but this did  
not cause much trouble. The several meet-  
ings of the switchmen and of the manage-  
ment have produced no results. The manage-  
ment seemed determined to resist the demand  
of the strikers. The effect of the strike is  
beginning to be felt. The cooper's  
strike is still in progress. A meeting is being  
held but its action is not known. The strike  
is apparently a fight between the co-opera-  
tion and the other shops to raise the scale of  
wages.

## HE GOT AN ANSWER.

Correspondence Between the President  
and a Discharged Employee.

NEW YORK, Oct. 15.—Thomas Parker, an  
old postoffice employee, who was discharged  
from the Brooklyn office of Postmaster Hendrix,  
on September 1. He made a complaint to  
Mr. George W. Curtis, and by his advice  
sued the United States for back pay. The  
correspondence between President Cleveland  
and Mr. Parker.

"BROOKLYN, N. Y., Sept. 16, 1886.  
"His Excellency, President of the United States, Washington.  
"DEAR SIR—After twenty-two years of  
loyal and faithful service in the Brooklyn  
postoffice and then in the United States  
with honorable discharge, I have been removed  
without a moment's notice from the Brooklyn  
postoffice to the United States. I am an American, and the man  
who has taken my place is an Irishman, a  
Catholic, and cannot speak the language of  
the country. The United States of America  
with a vengeance. If Americans must take  
a back seat, let the one in front be anything  
but foreigners. Hoping that my case  
may receive your attention and a thorough  
investigation called for, I most respectfully  
remain, Your servant,  
"THOMAS PARKER."

"Residence, 130 Flatbush avenue, Brooklyn,  
Kings county, N. Y."  
The president replied as follows:  
"WASHINGTON, Sept. 23, 1886.  
"Thomas Parker, Esq.,  
"My Dear Sir—I find your letter of the  
16th inst., awaiting my return to the Execu-  
tive Mansion. Your exceedingly ill-considered  
reference to the 'Irishman' and the 'Catholic,'  
who you say has succeeded to your position,  
detracts very largely, I think, from the  
claim you make upon twenty-two years of  
honest and faithful service in the United States  
postoffice, and ten years as a soldier with an  
honorable discharge, and demonstrates that  
you have but little faith in the impartial  
treatment due to American citizenship. You  
send me a newspaper clipping containing a  
published letter written to you by George  
William Curtis, and in which you are charged  
with good ground against the government for  
the removal of subordinates by their im-  
mediate superior that I commend it to your  
careful perusal.  
"Yours truly,  
"GROVER CLEVELAND."

## Murder in the First Degree.

HELVETIA, N. J., Oct. 15.—The jury in the  
case of the murder of the Rev. Dr. H. C. H. H.  
summarily, charged with the murder of  
Tillie Smith, a servant in the institution,  
while the latter was defending her honor,  
brought in a verdict of guilty of murder in  
the first degree. The jury retired at 4:15 in  
the afternoon and it was 4 o'clock in the  
morning before they returned.

announcing the verdict, Foreman Tate, of  
the jurors, kept late hours and for some time  
slept alone. It is learned that on the first  
bullet after the jury retired, they stood  
up to three for conviction, and

## Crushed to Death.

NEWARK, O., Oct. 15.—Mr. Leonard Cook,  
residing at Brownsville, while going down a  
candy hill on the city potters, was crushed  
from the wagon by its overturning, the  
whole load falling on him.

## THE BARTHOLOMEW STATUE.

FURTHER DETAILS OF THE ARRANGE-  
MENTS FOR DEDICATION DAY.

The Work Almost Completed and Extensive  
Preparations Being Made for the  
Unveiling of the Statue on the 23rd  
Inst.—The Permanent Guard.

NEW YORK, Oct. 15.—The work of cutting  
the strip of bronze of the huge torso in the  
right hand of the statue of Liberty was not  
begun yesterday. The decision of the light  
house authorities to place the electric lights  
inside the torch was approved by Chief En-  
gineer J. C. Dana, of the Third Light  
House district, and Gen. H. L. Abbott.

The purpose of placing the lamps inside the  
torch instead of outside on the Hall Gate  
tower, is to avoid the glare of the light on the  
pilots who navigate near the statue. It is  
claimed by Lieut. Mills that the object of the  
change is to illuminate the base and a limited  
space like the chamber of the Hall Gate.  
The police last Patrol made a trip to Lib-  
erty Island yesterday afternoon with Police  
Commissioner Fort, Superintendent Murray,  
Inspector Steers, Gen. Schofield and  
staff, and the American committee on board.  
Gen. Schofield notified the police authorities  
that the island could not be under the control  
of the United States army until after the de-  
dication of the statue, and requested that  
the island be placed under the charge of the  
city police on the day of dedication. Gen. Scho-  
field invited the police authorities to visit the  
island with him to view the ground and  
make the necessary arrangements. Superin-  
tendent Murray decided that it would take  
about 250 police to preserve the police lines,  
which will be in place from the fortifications  
at the base of the pedestal.

Besides this, a signal will be stationed on the  
pier and the porton landing, and a few sent-  
inels will be stationed along the shore and at  
the base of the pedestal. The force will be transferred  
to the island, which will then act in conjunc-  
tion with the navy fleet. In keeping the ex-  
clusive character of the island, while the Patrol  
was lying at the old pier wait for the party  
on shore, it went aground in the shallow  
water, and the tugboat which was sent to  
compel it to anchor in stream. On the day  
of unveiling a pontoon landing will be con-  
structed by the navy for steamers of heavy  
draught. The fingers of the statue will be  
placed in the water, where they were put in  
place yesterday. The railing of the balcony  
was completed and the work of the city  
police will be in place. The work on the  
iron staircase was begun.

The committee have concluded not to put  
off the unveiling until after the unveiling of the  
unveiling, as the crowd expected on that day  
will subject it to an unnecessary strain. The  
support of the grand stand, to be occupied  
by the spectators, will be secured and will  
be proved by Gen. Schofield. The ground  
on the top of the pedestal will be covered  
with a carpet, and the use of invited  
guests, instead of being flooded over, as was  
the first plan. The mounted cannon and gun  
carriages on the ramparts have been painted  
and polished by a detail of soldiers sent over  
from Governor's Island, by Gen. Schofield.

A guard of ten soldiers will be placed at  
Liberty Island to prevent the use of the island  
to prevent the use of the island. This species of visitors is already numerous  
on the island, securing rivets, wire, bits of  
cannon, and even chips of the granite from  
the pedestal. The guard will be quartered  
in the brick barracks at the northwest end of  
the island. The only other officers on Lib-  
erty Island will be Lieut. Murray, who  
drog, which was born the day the first stone  
was laid on the foundation of the pedestal,  
and the permanent guard of the electric  
plant of the statue. The list of ap-  
plications for places in the parade on Bar-  
tholomew day is still lengthening. Every ap-  
plication, both military and civil, will be  
considered, and it is expected that a  
feature of the procession will be a line of  
American industries.

## SAW SEA SERPENTS.

How a \$30,000 Prize Vanished Into Thin  
Air.

BOSTON, Oct. 15.—Just after the tide went  
out yesterday afternoon persons crossing the  
bridge from Charlestown to Chelsea, saw a  
monstrous serpent wriggling upon the flats.  
It was more than two feet in diameter and fully  
two feet in circumference in its largest part.  
A crowd collected, and there was a search  
for weapons with which to kill the  
monster. Everybody had a shot at the  
\$30,000 prize offered by Barnum for the  
capture of these serpents. The serpent stood  
almost helplessly in the mud, squirming around  
and making no progress in any direction.  
Soon Policemen Frobeck appeared and  
opened fire with his revolver. The fourth  
shot at the reptile's head killed it.

Then another serpent about the same size  
was stranded in the mud. By this time the  
tide had so far receded that the policemen  
could venture upon the flats and capture it  
alive. The story of the capture of the sea  
serpent had spread in both Chelsea and  
Charlestown, and a large crowd of per-  
sons packed the bridge. It required the help  
of several men to haul the body of the first  
monster to dry land. It was smooth and  
without scales, and the crowd was de-  
ceived how it could swim without fins. The  
man who helped haul it ashore began to dis-  
cover the monster, and he claims to have  
a share in the \$25,000 reward. They measured  
the snake and found it just twenty-one feet  
long.

Just then a man present pushed the crowd  
and said: "That's our sea serpent; it's only a  
boa-constrictor, a pretty big one, but it isn't  
the monster." The crowd, who had been  
looked as though they had found a gold mine  
and lost it. They began to make inquiries.  
Before long the policemen found a banner  
who offered to explain the presence of the  
great snakes on the flats. He had been em-  
ployed, he said, by the proprietors of a dime  
museum in the city of New York, to hire two  
boa-constrictors which had died on their hands.  
It was supposed that both were dead, but it  
turned out that the one water had revived one  
of them. The policeman then saw the snake  
swelling the dead snake back to where they  
found it, dug a hole large enough to hold both  
the reptiles, and buried them.

## Election Returns.

MONTREAL, Oct. 15.—Up to 5 o'clock this

morning returns had been received from  
forty-three out of sixty-five constituencies in  
Quebec. At last election the legislature  
stood 36 Conservatives, 25 Liberals, and  
owing to the injection of the Riel issue into  
Quebec politics the standing at the time of  
the election was 36 Conservatives, 25 Lib-  
erals, 29. Of the forty-three constituencies  
eleven heard from there have been elected 23  
Liberals and 20 Conservatives. The indica-  
tions this morning are that the government  
will be defeated. The government expected a  
majority of from five to twenty.

## RICHMOND CONVENTION.

The Business Yet to be Transacted by the  
Knights Before Adjournment.

As yet the two members of the coopera-  
tive board are elected, the questions relat-  
ing to the revision of the constitution, the  
place for the establishment of permanent  
headquarters, the general officers, the time  
and place for holding the next annual con-  
vention; the large pile of appeals to the con-  
vention from the executive board; and many  
other matters will come up in their order.  
These things must all be disposed of before  
adjournment, or there will be great disas-  
trous.

Philadelphia and Washington are fighting  
for the headquarters of the general officers.  
The officers, as reported, want to hold their  
convention at Philadelphia, but it looks as though a  
majority of them prefer Washington, where  
convenient as so abundant and access to  
Congress, the departments and the chief ex-  
ecutive so easy. Mr. L. H. Patterson, a de-  
legate from the District of Columbia, is work-  
ing for Washington and says that the choice  
is in his hands.

Indianapolis, Chicago, St. Louis, Kansas  
City, Denver, Minneapolis, St. Paul and  
Milwaukee are claiming for the next annual  
convention. It is conceded that it will go  
west. Serious objection is offered to all of  
the places named, except the first four, on  
account of distance or military accommo-  
dations, and Chicago is objected to because  
there has been much labor agitation there of  
late. The Indiana delegation is in the lead  
between Indianapolis and St. Louis, with the  
vote in favor of the latter.

The result of the elections this forenoon  
was the election of J. T. C. Scholier, of  
Massachusetts, and J. U. Broughton, of  
Raleigh, N. C., as members of the coopera-  
tive board. Lieut. Murray, of Hamilton,  
Ont., was elected Canadian supply agent.

## That Bill for Embezzling Grant.

NEW YORK, Oct. 15.—Col. Fred Grant has  
written a letter to the editor of the New  
Yorker, in which he says that the bill for  
the bill of Holmes & Co., the undertakers, who  
embalmed the general's body, as unjust, that  
he did not wish to see others suffer by reason of  
it, and he therefore suggests that the bill  
be dropped.

To this Paul Dana replies that as the  
Grant family refused to pay for the improp-  
riety there is no reason why the sum should be  
reimursed for its payment of the same, and  
the check is therefore returned.

## Railroad Receiver Appointed.

PHILADELPHIA, Oct. 15.—Judge McKean, in  
sitting in court this morning, and fully  
unanimous consent of the directors of the  
New Jersey Central railroad and of the trust-  
ees of the adjustment mortgage bondholders,  
appointed J. S. Kennedy and Joseph K.  
Harris receivers of the New Jersey Central  
railroad. President Little says that this does  
not alter his position with the company, so  
he retains the same office as held prior to the  
decision of the court.

## A Hotel Burned.

ROSELLE, N. J., Oct. 15.—The Windsor  
hotel and nearly all its contents, was burned  
this morning. In one end of the building  
was Dr. Terminus's drug store. Johnna Bull-  
van, the landlady, was captured. The loss on  
the building is \$21,000; insurance  
\$15,000. Dr. Terminus's loss is \$5,000; insurance  
\$2,500.

## Arrested for Swindling.

READING, Pa., Oct. 15.—A steward,  
manager of the Quaker City All-steamers,  
of Philadelphia, is in jail here, and other per-  
sons connected with the concern are to be ar-  
rested if found. It is charged that many  
poor people have been swindled by the associa-  
tion, which purported to guarantee pay-  
ments in case of sickness, and to defray funeral  
expenses.

## No Advance in Coal.

NEW YORK, Oct. 15.—The Anthracite coal  
agents at their meeting to-day, made no ad-  
vance in prices. The belief is held that the  
coal the managers have less, and somewhat  
frightened by the attitude of Governor Fes-  
tison, of Pennsylvania.

## Another Man Guilt of Writing.

MONTREAL, Ala., Oct. 15.—A Novar,  
manager of the Western Union telegraph  
office here, has disappeared. He is \$1,400  
short in his accounts. He is forty-four years  
old.

## Western Congressmen Dead.

MATAMOROS, Mex., Oct. 15.—Gen. Andrie  
Treviso, former Federal congressman from  
this state, and a man of great prominence,  
died yesterday in this city.







## ENDORING A. S. HEWITT.

CONVENTION OF THE NEW YORK COUNTY DEMOCRACY.

A Union of the Two Great Democratic

Factions in New York City-Tammany

and the County Democracy Nominates a

Joint Ticket-Convention Proceedings.

New York, Oct. 16.—The county Democracy's county convention in the Cooper Union was one of the most memorable events in the history of that organization. The hall

was crowded to its utmost capacity. A committee, composed of Henry J. Foster, J. P. Fower, E. Henry Anderson, Henry S. Parry, Commissioner Charles Kelly and Police Commissioner John R. Voorhis, was

appointed to confer with the Tammany and Irving hall committees, and the resolutions

returned to agree upon a ticket.

Nelson J. Waterbury, Jr., read resolutions to the effect that by the wise selection of

Abraham N. Hewitt as the candidate a vote

has been touched that not only vibrates to the heart of every Democrat, but appeals to the sound good sense of all without distinction

of party, who seek a government honest in all its departments, efficient in its administration

and faithful in every impulse and movement to the welfare of the community.

The resolutions were adopted.

Then Police Commissioner Voorhis reported that the committee on conference had agreed

upon Abraham N. Hewitt for mayor. The delegates cheered. Col. John K. Follens then

delivered an eloquent speech, in which he placed Mr. Hewitt in nomination. An immense

portrait of the candidate was placed upon the platform. The band played "Auld Lang Syne" and "Yankee Doodle," and three

cheers were given for Mr. Hewitt.

Col. Follens referred to the candidacy of Henry George. He contrasted Mr. George with

Hewitt, and showed that the latter was a practical man, and a theorist, that the former

was in part a friend of the workingman and not a preacher to hear.

The nomination was made unanimous by acclamation.

Edward Patterson, secretary of the Democracy, was unanimously nominated for

supreme court judge; Philip Henry Dugan, of Tammany, for superior court judge; ex-Al-

derman James J. Davis, of the County Democracy, for president of the board of aldermen.

After the selection of the committee to notify the candidates of their nomination, the convention adjourned.

Mr. Hewitt was seen by a reporter at ex-Mayor Cuyler's house soon after the County Democrats had endorsed his nomination. He

evidently expected the result, although he had not heard of it until informed by the

reporter. "I shall not give a formal acceptance," he said, "until I am officially

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## POINTED PARAGRAPHS.

Topics of the Times Given in a Tense and Spleen.

Two Mexican thieves were lynched by law officers near Laredo, Texas.

Edward Solomon, the bigamous composer, was released from a London prison on \$2,500 bail.

Representative Pitcock, of New Jersey, has published a letter offering \$100 apiece for

delinquents.

The Indian conference at Lake Mohawk, N. Y., approves President Cleveland's policy toward the Indian.

All the diplomatic agents of the European powers are in the Bulgarian country and a crisis has been reached.

Wilmor's bank, Ashland, Wis., was entered by robbers, the cashier locked in the vault and \$4,000 stolen.

Theodore Roosevelt has been nominated for mayor of New York by the Citizens' Committee of One Hundred.

James L. Cooley, an embroiling book-keeper, died from consumption at Pittsburgh, while under guard by officers.

The president has forbidden Col. Ben Wilson, assistant attorney general, from taking part in the West Virginia campaign.

Mr. Charles Worsham, widow of the New York stock operator, has given \$10,000 to the New York Free Circulating Library.

The Canadian cabinet strongly censures the seizing of the schooner Marion Grimes.

Canon Bianchini, of the Venice cathedral, was stabbed to death in the doorway of the church by Dessein Vianini, a convert to Protestantism.

J. R. Davidson, colored nominee for congress by New Orleans Republicans, has withdrawn, saying the Republicans were drawing the color line.

The Knights of Labor of Vancouver petition the government to have work on the Great Pacific Northwest canal.

Edwards Patterson, secretary of the Democracy, was unanimously nominated for supreme court judge.

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## C. T. KNEEREAM,

Agent of the Jubling Coal Company,

Miners and Dealers of FERRY

—All orders left with us receive prompt attention. Office and Scale: at E. Third street.

## Be Warned

In time. Kidney diseases may be prevented by purging, renewal and invigorating the blood with Ayer's Sarsaparilla. When, through debility, the action of the kidneys is perverted, these organs rob the blood of its needed constituent, albumen, which is passed off in the urine, and worn out matter, which they should carry off from the blood, is allowed to remain. By the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, the kidneys are restored to proper action, and Albuminuria is cured.

## Bright's Disease

is prevented. Ayer's Sarsaparilla also prevents inflammation of the kidneys, and other disorders of these organs. Mrs. Jas. W. Weld, Forest Hill st., Jamaica Plain, Mass., writes: "I have had a complication of diseases, but my greatest trouble has been with my kidneys. Four bottles of Ayer's Sarsaparilla made me feel like a new person; as well and strong as ever." W. M. McDonald, 48 Summer st., Boston, Mass., had been troubled for years with Kidney Complaint. By the use of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, he not only

## Prevented

the disease from assuming a fatal form, but was restored to perfect health. John McLean, cor. Bridge and Third sts., Lowell, Mass., writes: "For several years I suffered from Dyspepsia and Kidney Complaint, the latter being so severe at times that I could scarcely attend to my work. My appetite was poor, and I was much emaciated; but by using

**AYER'S Sarsaparilla** my appetite and digestion improved, and my health has been perfectly restored."

Sold by all Druggists.

Price \$1; Six bottles, \$5.

Prepared by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U. S. A.

## OUR HAR

should be your crowing glory. Ayer's Hair Vigor will restore the vitality and color of youth to hair that has become thin and faded; and where the glands are not active or sluggish, will cause a new growth on bald heads.

**MAY** the youthful color and vigor of the hair be preserved to old age? Read the following, from Mrs. G. Norton, of Lowell, Mass.: "I have used Ayer's Hair Vigor for the past 30 years, and although I am upwards of 60, my hair is as abundant and glossy today as when I was 25."

**BE** assured, that a trial of Ayer's Hair Vigor will convince you of its powers. Mrs. M. E. Goff, of Lowell, Mass., writes: "Two years ago, my hair having almost entirely fallen out, I commenced the use of Ayer's Hair Vigor. To-day my hair is 20 inches long, fine, strong, and healthy."

**RENEWED** and strengthened by the use of Ayer's Hair Vigor, the hair regains its youthful color and vitality. Rev. H. P. Williams, of Lowell, Mass., writes: "I have used Ayer's Hair Vigor for the last ten years. It is an excellent preservative."

**BY** the use of Ayer's Hair Vigor, Geo. A. Duden, of Lowell, Mass., had his hair restored to its original healthy condition. He was nearly bald, and very gray. He writes: "Only four bottles of the Vigor were required to restore my hair to its youthful color and quantity."

**USING** Ayer's Hair Vigor cures disordered scalp, itching humors, and restores the hair to its original healthy condition. Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U. S. A. For sale by all Druggists.

## Ayer's Hair Vigor,

PREPARED BY DR. J. C. AYER & CO., LOWELL, MASS., U. S. A.

For sale by all Druggists.

## MINNIE ANNA PRAZER,

NOVELTY STORE.

—Dealer in—

## DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS.

I have always on hand a full supply of school books, and have received a large assortment of new millinery goods.

Cure for Piles. Piles are frequently cured by a course of weight in the rectum, and lower part of the abdomen, causing the patient to suppose he has some affection of the kidneys or neighboring organs. At times, symptoms of indigestion, or of a very disagreeable condition of the stomach, etc., a moisture, like perspiration, is secreted, and a great deal of relief, after getting warm, is a common attendant.

According to the theory of the use of the line, and affecting a permanent cure. For a full description of the cure, see the book, "The Cure for Piles," by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U. S. A.

**WEAK, UNDEVELOPED PARTS** of the body are cured by the use of the line, and affecting a permanent cure. For a full description of the cure, see the book, "The Cure for Piles," by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass., U. S. A.

## COAL

—All orders left with us receive prompt attention. Office and Scale: at E. Third street.

## IMMUNITY from ANNOYANCE

Every good thing is Counterfeited, and consumers are CAUTIONED against IMITATIONS of these Chimney's made of VERY POOR GLASS. See that the label is on each chimney as above. The Pearl Top is always clear and bright Glass.

Manufactured ONLY by GEO. A. MACBETH & CO. Pittsburgh Lead Glass Works. FOR SALE BY DEALERS.

Pat. Oct. 30th, 1883.

MADE ONLY OF THE FINEST AND BEST QUALITY OF GLASS FOR WITHSTANDING HEAT.

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